

NIH · Helping to End Addiction Long-term

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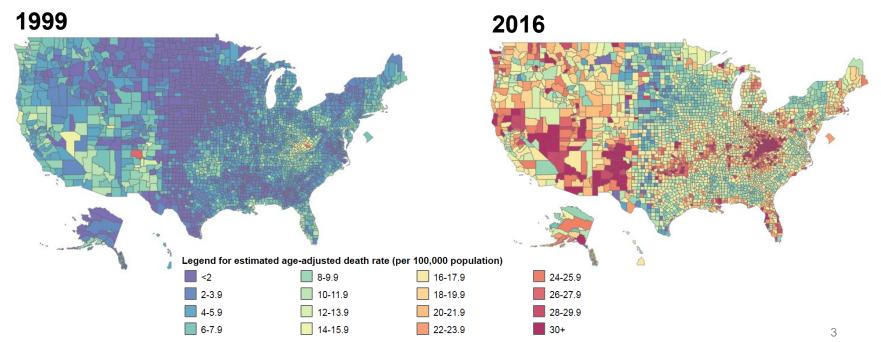
Introduction to the HEAL (Helping to End Addiction Long-term) Initiative

Francis S. Collins, MD, PhD
Director, National Institutes of Health



The Crisis: National Overdose Death Rates

In 2017, there were 70,237 overdose deaths (9.6% higher than 2016)



Source: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data-visualization/drug-poisoning-mortality/index.htm

The Response: Helping to End Addiction Long-term (HEAL) Initiative

- Trans-NIH research initiative to:
 - Improve prevention and treatment strategies for opioid misuse and addiction
 - Enhance pain management
- Goals are scientific solutions to the opioid crisis
- Coordinating with the HHS Secretary, Surgeon General, federal partners, local government officials and communities





Helping to End Addiction Long-term (HEAL) Initiative: At a glance

- \$500M/year Trans NIH effort
 - Over \$850M to be obligated in FY2019
- 12 NIH Institute and Centers leading 26 HEAL research projects
 - Over 20 collaborating Institutes, Centers and Offices
 - From prevention research, basic and translational research, clinical trials, to implementation science
 - Multiple projects integrating research into new settings
 - e.g. health care, criminal justice, Medicare populations etc.
- Released 40+ funding announcements for FY2019

HEAL Initiative Research

Advance
effective
treatments for
pain through
clinical research

Enhancing Pain Management

Accelerate discovery and development of pain treatments

Expand
Therapeutic
Options

Improving Treatments for Misuse and

Addiction

Enhance
Treatments for
Infants with
NAS/NOWS

Develop New and Improved Prevention & Treatment Strategies

Optimize Effective Treatments



Improving Prevention and Treatment Strategies for Opioid Addiction

- Expand therapeutic options
 - New, more user-friendly formulations of existing medications
 - Longer duration, more powerful overdose-reversers
 - New approaches to reverse respiratory depression
 - Immunotherapies for opioids to prevent relapse and overdose
 - New targets and approaches for treating Opioid Use Disorder (OUD)



Improving Prevention and Treatment Strategies for Opioid Addiction

- Develop New and Improved Prevention & Treatment Strategies
 - Preventing at risk adolescents from transitioning to OUD as they transition to adulthood
 - Understanding the role of sleep dysfunction in OUD and recovery
 - Managing opioid misuse and low severity OUD
 - Determining the optimal length of medication treatment for OUD
 - Optimizing collaborative care for people with OUD and common mental disorders



Improving Prevention and Treatment Strategies for Opioid Addiction

- Optimize Effective Treatments
 - Enhancing the NIDA Clinical Trials Network to address opioids
 - Promoting innovation in the criminal justice system
 - Justice Community Opioid Intervention Network
 - Understanding the role of behavioral health interventions
 - Behavioral Research to Improve Adherence to Medication-based treatment for OUD (BRIM)
 - Integrating multiple evidence based interventions in communities
 - The HEALing Communities Study







Improving Prevention and Treatment Strategies for Opioid Addiction

- Enhance Treatments for Infants with NAS/NOWS*
 - Advancing Clinical Trials in Neonatal Opioid Withdrawal Syndrome
 - ACT NOW Study
 - Understanding the long-term consequences of early opioid exposure
 - HEALthy Brain and Cognitive Development (BCD) Study

*Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome/ Neonatal Opioid Withdrawal Syndrome (NOWS)





Enhancing Pain Management

- Accelerate discovery and development of pain treatments
 - Understanding the origins of chronic pain
 - Acute to Chronic Pain Signatures Program
 - Discovery and validation of novel targets for safe and effective pain treatment
 - Engineering preclinical screening platforms + novel drug development
 - Translating discoveries into effective devices for pain treatment



Enhancing Pain Management

- Advance effective treatments for pain through clinical research
 - Test novel treatments in a new clinical trials network
 - Early Phase Pain Investigation Clinical Network (EPPIC Net)
 - Back Pain Research Consortium
 - Establish best strategies for management of acute and chronic pain
 - Pain Management Effectiveness Research Network (ERN)
 - Integrated approach to pain, opioid use in hemodialysis patients
 - Pragmatic and Implementation Studies for the Management of Pain (PRISM)



NIH Helping to End Addiction Long-term (HEAL) Initiative: Governance Overview



NIH Leadership

NIH HEAL Executive Committee

DECISION MAKING



Councils and External Experts

HEAL Multi-Disciplinary Working Group

Specialized working group of NINDS/NIDA and other IC councils provide input to prioritize HEAL research projects

Federal Partners

HEAL Federal Working Group

Working group of HHS and other federal partners focused on coordinating efforts across HEAL research projects

Trans-NIH Scientific Teams

RESEARCH IMPLEMENTATION

Senior NIH scientific staff leading individual HEAL projects align efforts and build cohesion in programs

HEAL Initiative Governance: Multi-Disciplinary Working Group



subgroup

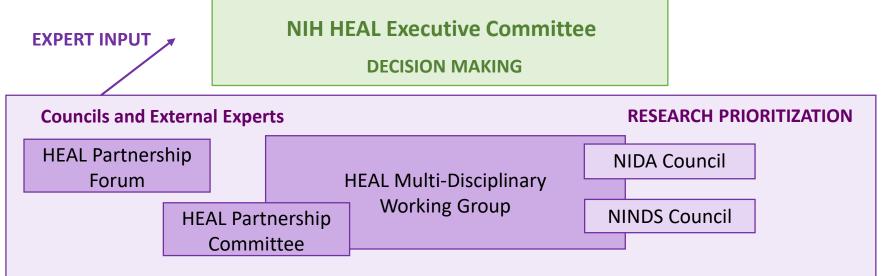
NINDS Council HEAL Multi-Disciplinary Working Group Pain focused Addiction focused RESEARCH PRIORITIZATION NIDA Council

• Specialized working group of NINDS, NIDA, other IC councils provide expert input on HEAL research

subgroup

- 16 working group members some council some ad hoc members
- Will not review every HEAL FOA or program
 - Some FOAs to go directly to relevant IC council determined by Executive Committee
- Provides input on state of the science in HEAL research areas and different pain conditions
 - Health services research, multi-disciplinary research and emerging opportunities

HEAL Initiative Governance: Multi-Disciplinary Working Group



- Oversee activities of public-private partnership through the "HEAL Partnership Committee"
 - Composed of experts from pharmaceutical, biotech, device industries, along with patients, ethicist, and academic researchers
 - Includes three members of the HEAL MDWG
 - Help develop products such as template for industry submissions to new clinical trials network
 - First meeting March 5, 2019

Improving Prevention and Treatment Strategies for Opioid Misuse and Addiction Through HEAL

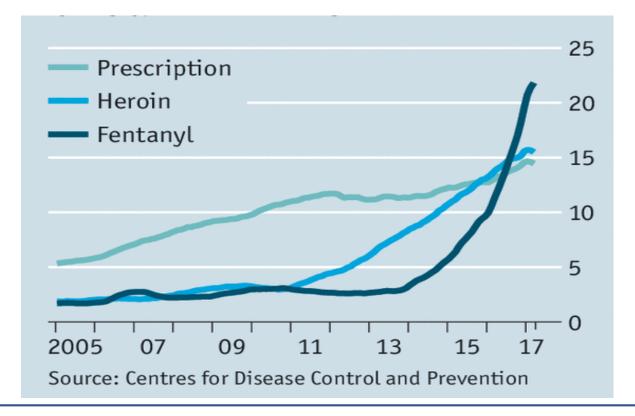
Nora D. Volkow, MD

Director

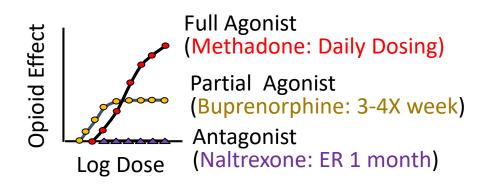
National Institute on Drug Abuse



Evolution of the Opioid Crisis: Overdose Fatalities



Medication Assisted Treatment (MAT)



INCREASES

Social functioning

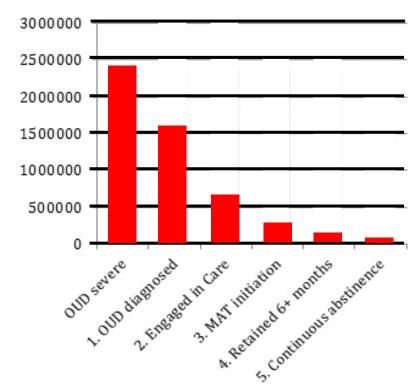
Retention in treatment

DECREASES:

- Opioid use
- Opioid-related overdose deaths
- Criminal activity
- Infectious disease transmission

MAT is highly underutilized!
Relapse rates are very high (50% in 6 months)

OUD Cascade of Care in USA



Williams AR, Nunes E, Olfson M. Health Affairs Blog, 2017.

Improving Prevention and Treatment for Opioid Misuse, Addiction and Overdose

Priority Research Areas:

Expand Therapeutic Options

Optimize Effective Treatment Strategies

Develop
New/Improved
Prevention &
Treatment Strategies

Enhance Treatments for Infants with NAS/NOWS

Research Opportunities:

- New formulations
- Longer duration
- Respiratory depression
- Immunotherapy
- New targets and approaches

- Clinical trials expansion
- Criminal justice innovation
- Collaborative care
- Behavioral interventions
- Multi-site implementation

- Treatment of early/moderate OUD
- Optimal length of medication treatment
- Prevention in transition to adulthood
- Brain development of opioid-exposed infants
- ACT NOW



Expand Therapeutic Options: OUD and OD Reversal

- New Formulations for MOUD that facilitate compliance
- New Medication Targets for OUD
- Drug combinations to improve retention (lofexidine + buprenorphine)
- Stronger, longer acting opioid antagonists and new targets to address Overdoses (OD) from synthetic opioids (e.g. fentanyl) and drug combinations (bdz + opioids)
- Stimulation devices to prevent respiratory depression
- OD, alert technologies, and naloxone autoinjectors
- Post-overdose interventions to ensure engagement in treatment



New Medications: RFA DA-19-002: Rolling acceptance of applications

Optimize Effective Treatment Strategies: Clinical Trials Network Expansion Project

- Focused studies on opioid addiction
 - Optimizing Retention, Duration and Discontinuation Strategies for OUD medications (MOUD) in healthcare
 - Strategies for inducting OUD medications in hospitalized patients and enhancing postdischarge care
 - Extended-release medications
 - Implement ED-initiated and compare formulations of buprenoprhine
- Rural expansion of OUD medication treatment using telemedicine and mHealth approaches
- · More effective models for linkage to care
- Opioid registry in diverse health care delivery systems

RFA-DA-19-008: Awards for 4 new nodes in Summer 2019



Optimize Effective Treatment Strategies: Justice and Community Opioid Network (JCOIN)

- Opioid Innovation in the Criminal Justice System
 - Justice Community Opioid Innovation Network (JCOIN)
 - Generate real-world evidence to address needs of individuals with OUD in justice-settings
- Progress to Date:
 - 11 supplement awards made in September 2018
 - Solicitations released December, 2018 for Research Centers,
 Coordination and Translation Center, and Methodology and Analytics Center
 - Expected awards total \$30M, Awards expected Early Fall 2019

Optimize Effective Treatment Strategies: The HEALing Communities Study

- Develop and test strategies to help communities respond to opioid crisis with a focus on achieving a 40% reduction in 3 years for OD fatalities
- Measure impact of integrating evidence-based prevention and treatment for opioid misuse, OUD, OD, and fatalities across multiple settings (healthcare, behavioral health, justice, communities.)
- Determine factors (structural, organizational, policy, etc.) that contribute to successful implementation and sustainability of the integrated interventions
- Determine cost-effectiveness of integrated intervention compared to standard of care
- Awards Expected: April 2019



Develop New/Improved Prevention and Treatment Strategies

- Prevention in the Transition to Adulthood
 - Studies to prevent OUD in older adolescents and young adults
- Sleep Dysfunction
 - Sleep and circadian factors relevant to addiction
- Management of Subsyndromal and Low-severity OUD
 - Identify and treat patients in general medical settings with cooccurring pain/mental health disorders
- Optimal Length of Medication Treatment
 - Trial will focus on buprenorphine and naltrexone
- Collaborative Care Model
 - Adapted to patients with OUD and mental health conditions



William Casey



Improve Outcomes for Infants with Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome and Opioid Affected Families

- Advancing Clinical Trials in Neonatal Opioid Withdrawal Syndrome (ACT NOW)
 - Innovative ways to identify and treat newborns exposed to opioids
- HEALthy Brain and Child Development Study:
 - Large multi-site longitudinal study to examine brain, cognitive, behavioral, social, and emotional development beginning prenatally and extending through childhood.
 - Oversample for prenatal opioid exposure
- Progress to Date:
 - R34 Planning Grant Funding Opportunity Announcements RFA-DA-19-029; RFA-DA-19-036
 - Applications due: March 25, 2019;
 - Awards expected: September 2019



Enhancing Pain Management through HEAL

Walter J. Koroshetz, MD
Director
National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke



Priorities in Research to Enhance Pain Management

- Understand the biological underpinnings of chronic pain
- Accelerate the discovery and pre-clinical development of non-addictive pain treatments
- Advance new non-addictive pain treatments through the clinical pipeline
- Establish the best pain management strategies for acute pain and numerous chronic pain conditions



Read about the 2019 research plan:

www.nih.gov/heal-initiative









NIH Investment in Pain Research Before HEAL

In 2017, NIH invested \$516 million on pain research





Pain cuts across all 27 NIH Institutes and Centers

The NIH Pain Consortium was established with the goal of enhancing pain research and promoting collaboration across NIH





Understand the biological underpinnings of chronic pain

Discovery

Preclinical Development

Clinical Trials

Implementation/ Dissemination

Acute to Chronic Pain Signatures



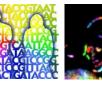
Acute to Chronic Pain Signatures

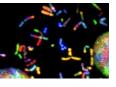
Objective biosignatures to identify susceptibility or resilience

to chronic pain

- Phenotyping
- Genotyping
- Sensory tests
- Imaging
- -omics
- Outcomes
 - Mechanisms
 - Novel therapeutic targets
 - Cohort stratification
 - Prevention













Structure:

- Clinical Coordination Center
- Clinical Centers
- Omics Data Generation Centers
- Data Integration and Resource Center

Awards expected in Spring 2019 https:/comm/onfund.nih.gov/pain

Accelerate the discovery and pre-clinical development of non-addictive pain treatments

Discovery

Preclinical Development

Clinical Trials

Implementation/ Dissemination

Acute to Chronic Pain Signatures

Discover and Validate Novel Targets for Safe and Effective Pain Treatment

Preclinical Screening Platforms + Novel
Drug Development

Translating Discoveries Into Effective
Devices For Pain Treatment

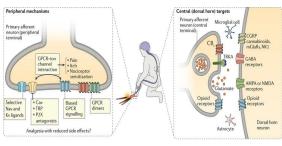
Discovery and Validation of Biomarkers, Biomarker Signatures, and Endpoints for Pain Indications





Discover and Validate Novel Targets for Safe and Effective Pain Treatment

 To promote the basic science discovery and validation of targets for the treatment of pain that can be used to develop treatments that have minimal side effects and little to no abuse/addiction liability



Nat Rev Drug Discov. 2017 Aug;16(8):545-564.

RFA-NS-18-043 - R01

RFA-NS-18-042 - R21

NOT-NS-18-073 – Administrative Supplements

Basic biology target discovery projects

- Encourage collaboration from other fields
- Designed to reveal novel targets for small molecules, natural products, biologics, devices
- Devices: discovery of new sites for stimulation or electrophysiological signatures
- Open to all pain systems in CNS or periphery

Previously identified targets

Pain target validation

- Novel in vitro/ex vivo assays
- Animal model systems development
- Multidisciplinary tools
- Multisite validation; robustness; reproducibility
- Validation of pharmacodynamic and predictive biomarkers

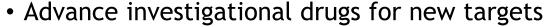


Develop Human Cell-based Screening Platforms and Novel Drugs to Treat Pain, Addiction, and Overdose

 Support preclinical optimization and development of safe, effective, and non-addictive small molecule and biologic therapies to treat pain.



- Develop human cell/tissue models
 - Peripheral and central nervous system
 - Normal and disease states
 - iPSC-derived neurons, 3D printed organoids, tissue chips



- Human tissue constructs to identify new probes/drug leads
- Automated chemical synthesis
- Artificial Intelligence to identify new chemical structures
- IND-enabling studies: Optimization of Non-addictive Therapies [Small Molecules and Biologics to Treat Pain







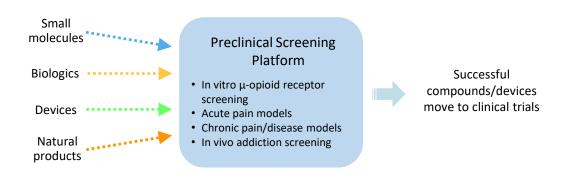
RFA-NS-19-010, RFA-NS-19-020 (SBIR)





Preclinical Screening Platform for Pain (PSPP)

- Will establish a one-stop preclinical testing platform that promotes the testing and characterization of non-addictive modalities for the treatment of pain
- Incentivize academia & industry to accelerate discovery of non-addictive, effective therapies
- Develop or refine animal models of pain conditions-available to research community
- Generate high quality data to support partnerships, translational programs
- Provide access to research community



https://www.ninds.nih.gov/Current-Research/Trans-Agency-Activities/NINDS-Role-HEAL-Initiative-PSPP





Translating Discoveries into Effective Devices for Pain Treatment

- Reduce reliance on opioids through the enhanced targeting and reduced invasiveness of diagnostic and therapeutic devices to manage pain
- Leverage ongoing mapping / target discovery activities in BRAIN, SPARC, and other HEAL Initiatives
- Late stage device development
- Verification and validation to accelerate regulatory approval
- Early clinical studies to de-risk new and improved pain treatments

Brain
Research through
Advancing
Innovative
Neurotechnologies



Stimulating Peripheral Activity to Relieve Conditions





Discovery and Validation of Biomarkers, Endpoints and Signatures for Pain Conditions

Analytical and/or Clinical Validation of a Candidate Biomarker for Pain: Facilitate the discovery and development of high-quality biomarkers to accelerate the development of non-addictive therapeutics for the treatment of pain conditions

RFA-NS-18-046 - R61/R33

Discovery of Biomarkers, Biomarker Signatures, and Endpoints for Pain: Goal is to support the analytical and clinical validation of candidate biomarkers for use in the discovery and development of non-opiate alternatives to the treatment of pain conditions using retrospective and/or prospective methods

RFA-NS-18-041 - R61/R33

Goal is to facilitate the discovery of robust biomarkers, biomarker signatures and objective endpoints for pain conditions



Advance new non-addictive pain treatments through the clinical pipeline

Implementation/ **Preclinical Development Clinical Trials Discovery** Dissemination **Acute to Chronic Pain Signatures Discover and Validate Novel Targets for** Safe and Effective Pain Treatment **Preclinical Screening Platforms + Novel Drug Development Translating Discoveries Into Effective Devices For Pain Treatment** Discovery and Validation of Biomarkers, Biomarker Signatures, and Endpoints for Pain Indications Data & Asset **Early Phase Pain** Sharing Investigation **Partnership Clinical Network Back Pain Research Consortium**



Early Phase Pain Investigation Clinical Network + Data and Asset Sharing Partnership

Improve quality, consistency, efficiency of early phase pain clinical trials

- EPPIC-net will test compounds and devices judged highly meritorious in peer review that come from industry and academia
- Clinical Coordination Center, Data Coordination Center, 10 specialized clinical sites (hub and spoke design)
- Incentivize, accelerate Phase II trials
- Focus on well-defined pain conditions with high-unmet need
- Reduce the time to start, enroll, run, and complete trials
- Incorporate biomarker studies
- Accommodate platform trial designs

Data and Asset Sharing Partnership

- EPPIC-net Data Coordination Center will host data and biosample repositories from HEAL programs and industry partners
- FNIH and the HEAL Partnership Committee will encourage submission of assets for phase 2 clinical trials



More info coming later today!













Back Pain Research Consortium: BACPAC

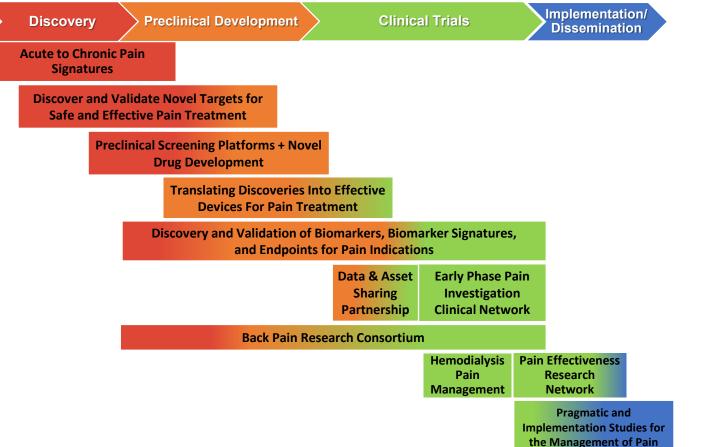
Back Pain Consortium (BACPAC) Research Priorities
A patient-centric, translational research program

BASIC: Integrated model of Low Back Pain through improved understanding of mechanisms, leading to new therapies

TRANSLATIONAL: Clinical trails, integrating new therapies into multimodal interventions, combined with deep phenotyping and patient-reported symptoms and outcomes

<u>CLINICAL</u>: Algorithms to match patients to best treatments based on phenotype and psychosocial context

Establish the best pain management strategies for acute and chronic pain conditions



Pain Management Effectiveness Research Networks and Trials

- To inform clinicians about the effectiveness of interventions or management strategies that will improve functional outcomes and reduce pain across the continuum of acute to chronic pain associated with many types of pain conditions
- Evaluate the effectiveness of pharmacologic and nonpharmacologic therapies for a broad array of pain conditions
 - Comparative Effectiveness Research Network: leverage NCATS Trial Innovation Network
 - Pain expertise in coordinating centers
 - NIH will solicit proposals for Phase 3 clinical trials to inform best practices in pain management and minimize risk of addiction
 - Coordinate data elements and storage with EPPIC-net and PRISM

More info coming later today!



Integrated Approach to Pain and Opioid Use in Hemodialysis Patients

- To develop tailored interventions for pain control and reduce reliance on opioids for hemodialysis patients
- Develop a multipronged and non-opioid approach to managing pain that uses precision treatment strategies based on individual needs
 - Evaluate non-addictive analgesics to reduce pain
 - Evaluate behavioral approaches for pain management
 - Identify risk factors for opioid dependence
 - Assess and treatment co-morbid conditions
 - Enhance electronic health records to capture study outcome data



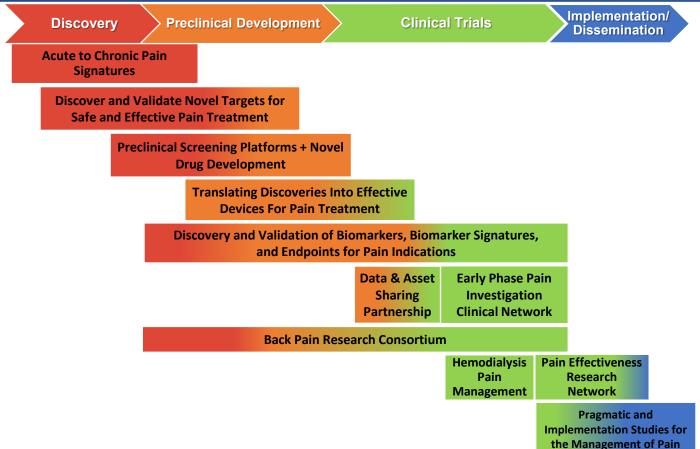


Pragmatic and Implementation Studies for Management of Pain to Reduce Opioid Prescribing: PRISM

- Integrate interventions with demonstrated efficacy into health care systems, and implement health care system change toward evidencebased pain management
- Conduct efficient, large-scale pragmatic trial or implementation science studies to improve pain management
 - Embed the intervention under study into real world settings
 - Collect data through the electronic records of the health care system
 - Leverage the NIH Health Care Systems Collaboratory
 - Focus on non-pharmacological approaches
 - Collaboration with CMS for Medicare coverage consideration



HEAL Programs for Pain Cover the Research Spectrum



Questions/Discussion



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